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INTRAMOLECULAR NUCLEOPHILIC SUBSTITUTION OF FLUORINE: ISOMERISATION OF 9,10-EPOXIPERFLUORODECALINE INTO 1,9-EPOXIPERFLUORODECALINE

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It was established that cleavage of 9,10-epoxiperfluorodecaline (I) under the action of MF (M = K, Cs) is a reversible reaction. Treatment of (I) with MF in polar aprotic solvents (glymes, DMF, DMSO) at 80-100°C resulted in quantitative formation of alcoholate (II).

Heating (II) in diglyme with simultaneous distillation brings the reaction back to (I) with quantitative yield.



If we heat (II) in tetraglyme at $180-200^{\circ}C$ epoxide (III) is formed with high yield (74%).

The formation of (I) and (III) proves a rare case of nucleophilic substitution of fluorine at sp^3 -hybridized carbon atom.